GUIDELINE

PLANTING OF VEGETATION NEAR GAS PIPELINES

GAS-960-GL-PL-003

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PUBLIC

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

With the continued growth of Australia's metropolitan centres, Jemena's pipelines are increasingly encroached upon by suburban areas where previously there was farmland, bushland or other low density land uses. During this change in land use the protection of Jemena's assets is paramount. Coordination with the relevant authorities is required to ensure Jemena's easements and land entitlements are not impinged upon. Often the solution is to turn the pipeline easement into 'community land' or 'green space' to create a buffer zone between housing and the pipeline(s).

This document is a guideline for councils and development authorities and their contractors as to the types and placement of vegetation permitted by Jemena on its pipeline easements. or alignments.

1.2 SCOPE

This document is intended mainly for use on Jemena Networks' Primary and Secondary pipeline assets that are not installed in an easement.

For Jemena Gas Markets and Jemena Networks licensed pipelines, this document may be used for information and to inform discussion. Any planting of vegetation on the easement or within 15m of the pipe itself must have the consent of Jemena and Jemena reserves the right to deny the planting of vegetation on its easement. Any ground penetration on a Jemena pipeline easement must only be completed once a Third Party Works Notice has been issued.

1.3 PLANTING OF VEGETATION

In general, planting of vegetation around the gas assets is acceptable provided roots of the plants are not capable of causing damage to the pipeline. Also free passage must be maintained along the pipeline route. Separation distances should be planned, and the expected height of the fully grown plant should be taken into account so the plant cannot fall onto any compound, fence or above ground asset, nor the roots interfere with the gas pipeline or below ground assets.

Damage and increased fire risk are issues associated with above ground assets, whilst breakages, restriction of flows and damage to pipeline coating, leading to more severe integrity issues are the risks associated with below ground assets.

1.4 PLANT SELECTION – GUIDE

The categories in the following table provide guidelines in selecting plants and can be used to aid in the correct choice of species for your garden and in particular the pipeline easement for all network distribution natural gas mains. This is a guide only and all proposed planting should be agreed with Jemena

1.5 PLANTING ZONES

<u>Clearance Zone</u> - The strip of land 3 m wide located directly above the pipeline which must be kept clear of vegetation to allow for easy access to the pipeline, clear vision of warning signs and acts as a buffer zone from deeper rooted trees.

For licenced pipelines on a designated ROW the clearance zone must be a minimum of 10m, the alignment of the pipeline must be greater than 1.5m from edge of the clearance zone. The ground in the clearance zone must be clear from canopy obstruction to allow for proper aerial surveillance of the route and landing of the surveillance vehicle if required.

<u>Zone A –</u> Perennial and Annual plants which must be less than 1 metre in height and have a shallow fibrous root system. These plants must be located no closer than 1.5 m laterally from the outer edge of the pipeline.

<u>Zone B –</u> Small shrubs which have a maximum height of 3 m and a maximum width of 4m. These plants must be located no closer than 3 m laterally from the outer edge of the pipeline.

<u>Zone C –</u> Taller shrubs and small trees which have a maximum height of 8m and maximum width of 6m. These plants must be located no closer than 5m laterally from the outer edge of the pipeline.

These zone are described in Drawing GAS-960-GL-PL-XX, attached in Appendix A

1.6 GENERAL INFORMATION

Please check with your local Nursery, Council or Botanic Garden about your local conditions. They can assist you in selecting the most suitable plants from the following lists.

2 PLANT SELECTION GUIDE

2.1 ZONE A PLANT SELECTION GUIDE

2.1.1 LIST OF PLANTS SUITABLE FOR PLANTING IN ZONE A

Mature plants must be less than 1 m in height when grown in ideal conditions and have shallow fibrous root systems.

These plants must be located no closer than 1.5 m from the outer edge of the pipeline.

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
GROUND COVERS:	
Grevillea fasciculata	Grevillea
Grevillea gaudichaudii	Grevillea
Grevillea juniperina	Grevillea
Grevillea "Royal Mantle"	Grevillea
Hardenbergia violaceae	False Sarsparella
Hibbertia dentata	Trailing Guinea Flower
Hibbertia scandens	Snake Vine
Jasminum polyanthum	Jasmine

Kennedia rubicunda	Dusky Coral-pea
Pandore jasminoides	Bower-of-Beauty
Viola hederacea	Native Violet
SHRUBS:	
Boronia floribunda	Pink Boronia
Boronia megastigma	Brown Boronia
Chorizema cordarum	Heart Leaf Flora-pea
Gardenia augusta "Radicans"	Dwarf Gardenia
Hibbertia bracteata	Hibbertia
Hibbertia fasciculata	Hibbertia
Melaleuca thymifolia	Feather Honey Myrtle

2.2 ZONE B PLANT SELECTION GUIDE

2.2.1 LIST OF PLANTS SUITABLE FOR PLANTING IN ZONE B

Zone B is suitable for small shrubs which have a maximum height of 3m and a maximum width of 4m when grown in ideal conditions.

These plants must be located no closer than 3m from the outer edge of the pipeline.

BOTANICAL NAME	
Abelia x grandiflora	Glossy Abelia
Abelia x grandiflora "Francis Mason"	Chinese Abelia
Banksia spinulosa	Hairpin Banksia
Banksia ericifolia	Heath Banksia
Callistemon speciosus	Albany Bottlebrush
Grevillea buxifolia	Grey Spider Flower
Grevillea rosmarinifolia	Rosemary Grevillea
Grevillea sericea	Silky Spider Flower
Hebe x franciscana "Blue Gem"	Blue Gem Veronica
Hebe x franciscana "Inspiration"	Mauve Veronica

Leptospernum scoparium	Manuka
Leptospernum squarrosum	Peach Flowered Tea-tree
Melaleuca incana	Grey Honey Myrtle
Melaleuca lateritia	Robin Red Breast Bush
Westringia fruiticosa	Coastal Rosemary
Westringia glabra	Violet Westringia

2.3 ZONE C PLANT SELECTION GUIDE

2.3.1 LIST OF PLANTS SUITABLE FOR PLANTING IN ZONE C

Zone B is suitable for taller shrubs and small trees which have a maximum height of 8m and a maximum width of 6m

These plants must be located no closer than 5m from the outer edge of the pipeline.

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
Acacia longifolia	Sydney Golden Wattle
Acacia pendula	Myall
Banksia serrata	Red Honeysuckle
Callistemon citrinus	Crimson Bottlebrush
Callistemon linearis	Narrow-leaf Bottlebrush
Callistemon viminalis	Drooping Bottlebrush
Grevillea banksii	"Red" and "White" Banks Grevillea
Hakea laurina	Pin-cushion Hakea
Hakea salicifolia	Willow-leaf Hakea
Leptospernum petersonii	Lemon-scented Tea Tree
Leptospernum laevigatum	Coastal Tea Tree
Melaleuca arinillaris	Bracelet Honey Myrtle
Melaleuca bracteata	White Cloud Tree
Melaleuca styphelioides	Prickly Paperbark
Pistacia chinensis	Chinese Pistachio

Pittosporum revolutum

Brisbane Laurel

Pittosporum undularum

Sweet Pittosporum

2.4 LIST OF UNSUITABLE PLANTS

The tree and shrub species listed below are known to cause pipe damage if planted within 15m of a pipeline. Please note that the list is not exhaustive. Please contact Jemena for any queries relating to this.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
African Tulip Tree	Spathodea campanulata	Norfolk Island Pine	Araucaria heterophylla
Black Bean	Castanospermum australe	Hibiscus	Lagunaria patersonni
Black locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	Oaks	Quercus spp
Blue Quandong	Elaeocarpus grandis	Oleander	Nerium oleander
Bougainvillia	Bougainvillea spp	Oliver's Sassafras	Cinnamomum oliveri
Brush Box	Lophostemon confertus	Paperbarks	Melaleuca spp (large growing)
Bunya Pine, Hoop Pine, Cook's Pine	Araucaria Spp	Pepperina	Schinus moHe
Camphor Laurel	Cinnamomum camphora	Pines	Pinus spp
Coral Tree	Erythrina spp	Plane Trees	Platanus spp
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster spp	Poinciana	Oelonix regia
Crepe Myrtle	Lagerstroemia spp	Poplars	Populus spp
Crow's Ash	Flindersia australis	Queensland Kauri	Agathis robusta
Cypress	Cupressus spp	Pine	Casuarina spp
Figs and Rubber Trees	Ficus spp	Sheoaks	Grevillea robusta
Flame Tree	Brachychiton acerifolium	Silky Oak	Angophora costata

Gum Trees	Eucalyptus spp (large growing)	Smooth-barked	Taxociurn distichum
Hackberry, Chinese Elm etc.	Celtis spp	Apple	Tipuana tipu
Swamp Cypress	Cupaniopsis	Indian Beech	Pongamia spp
Jacaranda	Jacaranaa mimosaefolia	Liquidambar	Liquidambar spp
Mango	Mangifera indica	Tuckeroo	Cupaniopsis anacardioides
Monsteria	Monstera deliciosa	Umbrella Tree	Brassaia actinophylla
White Cedar	Melia azederach	Willows	Salix spp
Yellow Jacaranda	Schizolobium parahyba	Wisteria	Wisteria spp

3 PIPELINE PROTECTION MEASURES

3.1 BARRIER PROTECTION

Trees planted within Zone A shall have a root protection barrier installed not less than 1 m from the side of the gas pipeline.

The barrier shall be of a suitable material and strength to prevent root ingress into the 1 me separation zone from the tree at maturity, heavy preformed concrete or polyethylene pipe/ liners used as root barrier are sufficient (e.g. Rocla or similar type concrete pipe or PE stormwater/sewer pipe).

Concrete soak-wells used as a root barrier around the tree next to a gas main are another approved option subject to blocking all holes on the full half side facing the gas main. The tree root barrier shall be a minimum 2 m long and must extend 250mm deeper than the gas pipe as a minimum

3.2 ROOT ARRESTORS

Trees planted within zone B & C shall have root arrestors installed, normally consisting of properly wrapped and secured robust polyethylene/ nylon sheeting or solid concrete cylinders must be employed to a minimum depth of 1m; or 250mm deeper than the gas pipeline, whichever is greater.

3.3 INSTALLATION

Installation of any such measures around Jemena assets must be performed under the supervision of a Jemena permit issuing officer and any ground penetration on a Jemena pipeline easement must only be completed once a Third Party Works Notice has been issued.

IN AN EMERGENCY

If in the case of an emergency please contact the Emergency response centre

For JGN Assets in NSW - 132 909

For EGP - 1800 620 492

For QGP - 1800 177 008

For NGP - 1800 531 709

For DDP - 1800 571 880

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